

GRATIS!
AY'S PILLS

[PRICE 6d. or 12 cts.]

New Advertisements.

BURRARD INLET

STAGE LINE.

The result of the Victoria election must have taken most persons by surprise. We were quite prepared to find Mr. DeCosmos a hard striver to retain his seat; but absolute did not enter into our calculation find him standing third on the book, and two hundred and thirty below his former colleague is in a result we never dreamed of. Our mer elections led the Polls? has brought about such a revolt in public sentiment? There can be doubt that Mr. DeCosmos has some of his popularity. He is generally unpopular. But his rejection the Polls cannot be wholly due to consideration. Nor can it fairly be attributed to Confederation, inasmuch as that formed no issue in the election having been abandoned long before the parties came to the Polls. are disposed to attribute the defeat Mr. DeCosmos to three things. The influence of the Hudson Bay Company, the influence of Government office and the alien vote. Mr. DeCosmos fought long and laboured hard to petrify a gross injustice upon Westminster. He succeeded in getting the "Seat of Government" to the Official and the Hudson Bay Company, thus thrown together are now working hand in hand, are able to control public sentiment in Victoria. One of the first acts of this "unholy alliance" is, as we have seen, to throw overboard the man who was mainly instrumental in bringing it about. This is, perhaps, the most fitting. Mr. DeCosmos should have received the first stroke of the iron rod which he had forged to rule Victoria. He has been hoisted by his own pet and assuredly has no right to expect such sympathy—least of all in this quarter. There can be no doubt that this result is largely owing to the alien vote. We have already pressed our opinion about the action of the Government in inviting them in the way and under the peculiar circumstances in which it was done. It is, perhaps, disassociated from the circumstances with which it happens to be surrounded, would be somewhat open to remark. As the matter stands we can only express regret that Colonial Secretary should have taken advantage of the Governor's illness to do that which no unbiased man can approve of. But for even Mr. DeCosmos stands indebted to the presence in his own constituency that official element introduced into mainly through his scheming and representation. Had he manfully ed his colors to the Canadian man and fought for Confederation with finching courage he would have been entitled to sympathy now denied him although his views on that great question were not altogether orthodox. Courage and manly consistency can admire, even in a bad cause. To throw his hobby-horse overboard at the first threatening gale of popular disfavor was an act scarcely calculated to excite sympathy, much less command respect. Had Mr. DeCosmos fought and lost upon that he might, very probably he would have been rejected by his own constituency; but for every friend would have lost on the Mainland. It is he has fallen, ignobly fallen, between two stools.

BRIGHTON STEAM FERRY.—Is progress, rapid progress, implied these words? Yes, there is no steam ferry at Brighton. Mr. Geo Ogden recently purchased and brought to this place a small steamer gliding in the big name of "Sea Foam." This steamer has just been bought by Mr. John Thompson, to be used as a ferry boat at Brighton. The "Sea Foam," although small, is a fast sailer. She made the trip to Victoria last week in eight hours, although going through Cowichan Gap, so near miles out of her way. Success Brighton! Success to John Thompson and the Sea Foam!

New Advertisements.

CUNNINGHAM'S COLN.

JUST OPENED.

All Wool Plaids, French Merinos, Alpaca, Cord, Royal, Fancy Reps, Balmoral Skirts and Skirting, Delaines, Shepherds Cheek and Fancy Linseys, Camlets, Flannels, Long Clothes, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Ladies' Gloves, Fancy Bugle and other Trimmings, Woollen Shawls, Hoods and Comforters, Prints, Lambs' Wool Underclothing, Men's Clothing, Youths' Suits, Boots and Shoes, English Water Tights, 2 1/2, 3 1/2 and 4 Point Blankets, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives and Scissors, Cut Wines, Tumblers, Beer Glasses, Camp Ovens, Curtis & Harvey's Diamond Grain Powder, Currants and Raisins, Arnold's Office Inks, Letter and Note Paper and Envelopes, Japan Tea, Breakfast Congou, Heywood's Breakfast Bacon.

TINWARE.

AT THE

OLD TIN SHOP

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

Are constantly kept

Family Double and Single Oven Cooking Stoves,

Parlor, Bar-Room, and Shop Heating Stoves,

Ready made Boilers,

Ten-Kettles, Saucepans, Camp-Kettles, Dippers, Stove backs, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Zinc, Sheet Lead, Solder, Tin Plate, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

A LOT OF SECOND HAND STOVES, for Sale Cheap.

A few nice

American Parlor Grates.

STOVE PIPES made and sold at 50cts. per length of 2 feet, (of the best Sheet Iron.)

All kinds of Tinware made. All kinds of Jobbing done and guaranteed to give satisfaction both in quality and price.

HARDWARE of every variety. NAILS, a large stock, at \$25 per Keg at JAMES CUNNINGHAM'S New Brick Store.

A Discount of 10 per cent. allowed to all clergymen. at JAMES CUNNINGHAM'S New Brick Store.

New Advertisements.

SCOTCH HOUSE,

VICTORIA.

A. McLEAN & Co.,

ARE just opening a very choice assortment of Winter Clothing, received by last Express, direct from England, consisting of:—

Beaver Suits, TWEED SUITS, Hosiery, UNDER CLOTHING, Hats, Caps, BALTIMORE & WHITE SHIRTS, Water-proof coats, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,

A Splendid Stock of

WINTER GLOVES,

Men's Suits, \$10 to \$30.

BOYS' CLOTHING AND UNDERCLOTHING.

We receive additions to our Stock by every Steamer, and the above will be sold cheap for cash, to make room for other shipments on the way. oct10

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting under the name and style of ALWAY & BAILEY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All bills, receivable or payable, must be handed into Mr. B. BAILEY only, for settlement. J. ALWAY, B. BAILEY, Witnesses, W. H. Ward, B. BAILEY, Yale, October 28th 1863.

Farm for Sale.

CONSISTING of Four hundred acres of land, of which 230 acres are Prairie, 50 feet above high-water mark, good black soil from 12 to 18 inches deep.

There is a good stream of water running through the centre of the land. The soil produces good root crops and all kinds of grain.

There is a most excellent range for Cattle and Pigs, and abundance of cedar and other timber for fuel, fencing and building.

Seventy acres are under fence, and there is a dwelling, out-houses, etc.

Also 80 head of CATTLE, and 100 PIGS.

The property is most eligible and pleasantly situated, and is within easy walk of the steamboat landing at Langley.

For further particulars apply to Mr. H. W. Smith, Druggist, New Westminster, Mr. James Taylor, Langley, or, on the premises to GEORGE ROBERTSON. oct27 to

JUST RECEIVED.

PER "JOHN L. STEPHENS."

828 prs. Boots and Shoes, assorted.

420 Men's, Boy's, and Children's Hats.

To be sold at very low prices.

CLUTE & CLARKSON.

New Advertisements.

1863. CLOTHING EMPORIUM. CLUTE & CLARKSON, IMPORTERS & GENERAL DEALERS. NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

THEIR STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS

HAVE ARRIVED and consist in part of

Gala Flairs, Union Flairs, Plain and Fancy Lustres, Russell Gords, Repps, Grassettes, Merinos, Alpaccas, Coburgs, Vetternos, Tibets, Delaines, Taffetas, Cachmeres, &c., &c.

100 Pieces of Linseys or Winceys just to suit this market, from 2 bits to \$1 a yard.

Trimmings of every Hue and Description, Buttons in endless variety.

Gloves and Hosiery by the gross. Hats, Feathers, Ribbons and Flowers, a wholesale Stock.

Ladies' Underclothing of every description, Prints, Gray Cottons, Drillings, Sheetings, Shirtings, Towellings, Skirtings, Linings, Tickings, &c.

In fact everything in the Staple and Fancy Goods Line, and at such low prices—to examine is to buy.

Men's Clothing of every description. Boys' Hats, Caps, Collars, Ties, &c., &c.

24 Dozen Baltic Shirts bought for less than "English Cost," and will be sold proportionably Cheap.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

Best Brands of Flour, U. S. Congou, Hyson, Japan, and K.U.S. TEAS.

Best Brands of Tobacco, Sugar of all kinds, very low, Carolina Rice, Golden Syrup, Raisins, Figs, Currants, Spices, &c., &c.

OREGON LARD, Fresh Butter from "CHADSEY'S," Sumas, constantly on hand.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

An endless variety of Men's Women's, Children's, Boy's and Misses', constantly on hand.

2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2, and 4 point BLANKETS, in White, Blue, Grey, Green and Scarlet.

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

NEWSPAPERS,

PERIODICALS.

&c., &c., &c.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.

BLANK BOOKS, &c., &c.

A large Stock of English and American

Hardware.

TINWARE of every

description manufactured on the premises, by a first class workman. All work guaranteed.

Just received a superior lot of Parlor, Box and Cooking Stoves of all sizes and kinds.

Stove Pipe made and sold at 50cents per length of 2 feet (of the best sheet iron.) GRINDSTONES 5cts.

All Goods marked in plain figures, and no deviation from the price marked will be made; consequently we hope to avoid accidents.

J. S. CLUTE. G. C. CLARKSON. oct17

HIGHLANDERS IN CANADA.

A correspondent of the Glasgow Herald, writing from Canada says:—"Within four hours of Montreal by rail there is a colony of from twenty to twenty-five thousand Highlanders.

The country of Glengarry, on the eastern frontier of Upper Canada, is full of them. Macdonalds and Macdonells, Maclelans, Mackinnons, and Macraes are thick as leaves in Vallambrosa. It is a saying here that if you meet a Glengarry man and forget his name you are always safe in calling him "Mr. Mac." In one part of the country lately, in a jury of twelve, there were nine Macdonalds, and six of these were Donald Macdonalds.

The Glengarry Highlanders enjoy the reputation of being a brave, loyal, industrious, and prosperous people. Every man owns the house he lives in and the land he tills. There is not much of accumulated wealth, but the people have abundance for themselves and their families and are content. In the back settlement they retain their ancient language, sing their Gaelic songs, and have their Gaelic preaching every Sunday. About half of them are Catholic and half Protestant; but they are said to get on harmoniously together—a state of things inconceivable to an Irishman, but happily possible where both parties are Scotch.

The Glengarry men are renowned in Canada for their size and strength. It is said that the townships Kenyon and Lochell alone could turn out a thousand Highlanders—not a man of them under six feet in his stockings. I hear many people speak with great admiration of the regiment mustered in Glengarry for the defence of the country during the Fenian excitement in '66. Maclellan, one of the best athletes in America, is a Glengarry man. His namesake, Mr. McLennan, of the customs here, has promised to go through the country with me on my return from the States; but says if I am to claim kindred with my gigantic namesakes in Glengarry, I must either carry proofs or add a cubit to my stature.

The Highlanders in Canada have produced more than muscle, not to speak of Wm. McDougall, C. B., Commissioner of Public Works, the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, politician, speaker, and temperance reformer, and others. Sir John A. Macdonald, who has ruled Canada for sixteen years is a Highlander, as Highland as Mull or Lochaber. Let it not be said, then, that the Scottish Highlander, when placed in circumstances to call his powers into activity, cannot hold his own against all comers."

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

W. R. LEWIS begs to announce that he has this day sold all his right and interest in the tanning and cord-wood business, in favor of Mr. H. Elliot.

New Westminster, Nov. 6th, 1863. not to

RECEIVED

EX "JOHN L. STEPHENS,"

FROM

San Francisco,

THE FINEST SELECTION OF

CLOTHING

ever imported to this city.

CONSISTING OF:

BEAVER SUITS, CASSIMIER SUITS, SILK MIXTURES, PANTS & VESTS, MEN'S BOOTS, a Splendid Variety, YOUTHS' & CHILDREN'S do.

Also to arrive ex "Mary Roberts," a further selection of General Merchandise. Particulars hereafter.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM.

The following table exhibits the comparative distances from the English Channel to the various Pacific and Asiatic points by the several routes of Canada, New York and the Pacific Railway, and Panama:—

	Via New York	Via Panama.
From England to	Miles.	Miles.
San Francisco	10,750	10,750
San Pedro de Macoris	12,800	11,750
San Pedro de Macoris	13,750	11,750
San Pedro de Macoris	14,000	11,750
San Pedro de Macoris	14,500	11,750
San Pedro de Macoris	15,000	11,750
San Pedro de Macoris	15,500	11,750
San Pedro de Macoris	16,000	11,750

Comparative estimates have been made of the probable cost of transportation of freight by each of these routes, such rates being fixed for each particular kind of service as past experience has shown to be necessary.

The cost of transportation by Canadian route is as follows:—

From Liverpool to Quebec—Atlantic voyage, 2500 miles, at 2 1/2 cents per ton per mile,	\$ 6 25
From Quebec to Thunder Bay—River and lake navigation, 1100 miles, at 5 mills per ton per mile, including 4 1/2 cents for wharfage,	5 50
From Thunder Bay to Fort Garry—Railway, 420 miles at 2 cents per ton per mile,	12 50
From Fort Garry to foot of Rocky Mountains by improved lake and river navigation, 500 miles at 3 mills per ton per mile, including 1 1/2 cents for wharfage,	4 50
From eastern side of Rocky Mountains to mouth of Fraser River, railway, 420 miles at 2 cents per ton per mile,	12 50
From Fraser River to Canton—Pacific Ocean voyage, including all charges, 2500 miles at 2 1/2 cents per ton per mile,	12 50
From Canton to San Francisco, 2500 miles at 2 1/2 cents per ton per mile,	12 50
Total cost per ton,	\$ 78 25

Or say 1,000,000 tons yearly @ \$78 25 = \$78,250,000
By New York and Pacific Railway, through the United States, \$157 25 |

Or say 1,000,000 tons yearly @ \$157 25 = \$157,250,000
By New York and Pacific Railway, \$157 25 |

These figures show, then, that the cost of the Canadian route will be one half less than by the "railroad" route through the United States and nearly a fourth less than via Panama. As regards the saving of time, it is estimated that the journey through British America, say from Liverpool to Canton, will be about 60 days, as against 75 days, the present average time by the Panama route. We are bound to say that these comparisons seem to be fairly made, and they show the comparative time and pecuniary cost by each route upon an assumed yearly tonnage of 1,000,000 tons to be as follows:—

	Time.	Cost.
By New York and Pacific Railway,	60 days	\$78,250,000
By Panama route,	75 days	\$157,250,000

We feel that no word of apology for devoting so much space to this subject is necessary. Its great importance in a national point of view can neither be concealed nor ignored; and to say that the work will not be undertaken, day and night to completion before the hands of the present century have all run out, is virtually to assert that British power and British pluck are on the wane, and that, as a nation, we are fast settling down to the position of a second or third rate power.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.—The Hyack Company held a meeting at their Hall on Wednesday evening. Capt. Fisher presiding. Mr. Fisher tendered his resignation to the Company. He said he felt it to be his duty to do so, as he was about to visit England, and would be absent probably six months. The Company declined to accept the resignation, as it was not deemed necessary. They elected Chief Engineer Johnston to be acting captain of the Company during Mr. Fisher's absence. It was decided to have a Fireman's Ball in the course of next week. It was decided to procure without delay 300 feet more hose. After the transaction of some routine business the meeting adjourned.

BIG BEND.—We have news from Big Bend gold mines to the 20th ult., but it is neither exciting nor cheering. About one hundred miners were on French Creek during the season, and some twenty only will winter there. None of the claims have yielded "big pay." Occasionally as high as eight and ten ounces has been taken out of a claim in a single day; but when the relentless average comes to be applied to the season's operations, the diggings have yielded but scant remuneration. The steamer "Forty-nine" made two trips only this season.

EASTERN MAIL.—The Enterprise brought up an eastern mail yesterday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

This Journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning, at the office, Columbia Street, New Westminster, by JOHN RUPES, Editor and Proprietor.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Payable invariably in advance.
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, 32 first insertion, and 20 cents each subsequent insertion. Over 2 inches, \$1 per inch for first insertion, and 25 cents per inch for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.

Advertisements, in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

All advertisements for insertion in the *British Columbian* must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.

All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY

Notice—W. R. Lewis.
Received—Jas. Cunningham.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1863.

"THE INTERESTS OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE IN NORTH AMERICA."

Such is the title of a pamphlet recently published at Ottawa. The immediate object of the pamphlet is to draw public attention to the commercial importance of the Ottawa ship canal, although it does not leave out of view the broader and more national bearing of the question, in its relations to inter-oceanic communication. The immediate commercial importance of the proposed Ottawa canal will be understood when it is stated that it will place Chicago within 3563 miles of Liverpool, while by way of the Erie canal and the St. Lawrence the distance is 4081 miles, and by New York 4491 miles. Thus, even for the produce of the teeming States of the West it would present a highway 418 miles shorter than the shortest existing route, and 823 miles shorter than the shortest route through American territory. Viewed from a British standpoint, the enterprise possesses an interest of a much higher nature. Not only would it draw the carrying trade of the Western States into Canadian channels, but it would be the means of throwing open an immense territory, rich in minerals and agricultural capacity; and still more would it tend to consolidate the British American Empire. It is gratifying to observe that the broader and more national question of establishing a chain of communication between the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans, through British America, is now exciting very great interest in the Dominion of Canada. Amongst those who have written upon the opening up of this important line of communication as a highway for British commerce between England and the East, is Mr. Allan McDonald, of Toronto, who has recently published a highly interesting paper upon the subject. The whole subject is very ably reviewed in the *Canadian News*, which paper we use for the present article. Mr. McDonald says the proposed canal system would give continuous navigation for sea-going vessels to Thunder Bay at the head of Lake Superior, a position midway across the continent and 600 feet above the level of the sea. From Thunder Bay to Red River, near Lake Winnipeg, is a distance of about 430 miles, making due allowance for necessary detour. In the first eighty miles of this section, there is a rise of 900 feet, and a nearly equal descent in the succeeding 350 miles. From Fort Garry to Acton House, near the foot of the Rocky Mountains, a distance of about 900 miles, continuous navigation may, with some improvement, be secured through Lake Winnipeg and the Saskatchewan River, quite equal, if not superior, to that of the Danube. From Acton House, through the Yellow Head Pass, to the mouth of the Fraser on the Pacific, a further distance of 420 miles, Mr. McDonald thinks will have to be got over by railway. The whole distance from Liverpool to the Pacific is made up thus:—

Liverpool to Quebec,	2500 miles.
Quebec to Thunder Bay,	1100 "
Thunder Bay to Fort Garry,	420 "
Fort Garry to Rocky Mountains,	900 "
Rocky Mountains to the Pacific,	420 "

Advertisements.

SHAM'S COLN.

OPENED

French Merinos,
Royal, Fancy Reps
and Skirting,
Herd's Cheek and Fancy
Milets, Flannels, Long
Sleeveds, Hosiery,
Fancy Bugle and
Ties,
Hoods and Comfort-
ers,
Wool Underclothing,
Youths Suits,
English Water Tights,
Blankets,
Carpet Bags,
Pocket Knives and
Cigars,
Diamond Grain
Inks,
Paper and Envelopes,
Breakfast Congou,
Breakfast Bacon.

WARE.

IN SHOP

NEW WESTMINSTER.

ble and Single Ov-
king Stoves,

Room, and Shop
ing Stoves,

made Boilers,

ancepans, Camp-Ket-
Store backs, Pumps,
Sheet Lead, Solder,
many other articles
rous to mention.

COND. HAND STOVES,
Sale Cheap.

few nice
Parlor Grates.

made and sold at
2 1/2 ft. of 2 feet, (of the
Sheet Iron.)

of Tinware made.
ing done and guaranteed
both in quality and
price.

of every variety.

stock at \$7 25 per Keg
ES CUNNINGHAM'S
New Brick Store.

of 10 cent. allowed
clergymen.
ES CUNNINGHAM'S
New Brick Store.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1885.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

The result of the Victoria election must have taken most persons by surprise. We were quite prepared to see Mr. DeCosmos have a hard struggle to retain his seat; but absolute defeat did not enter into our calculation. To find him standing third on the Poll-book, and two hundred and thirty-five below his former colleague is, indeed, a result we never dreamed of. On former elections he led the Polls! What has brought about such a revolution in public sentiment? There can be no doubt that Mr. DeCosmos has lost some of his popularity. He is personally unpopular. But his rejection at the Polls cannot be wholly due to this consideration. Nor can it fairly be attributed to Confederation, inasmuch as that formed no issue in the contest, having been abandoned long before the parties came to the Polls. We are disposed to attribute the defeat of Mr. DeCosmos to three things, viz.: The influence of the Hudson Bay Co., the influence of Government officials, and the alien vote. Mr. DeCosmos fought long and laborious hard to perpetrate a gross injustice upon New Westminster. He succeeded in carrying the Seat of Government to Victoria. The Officials and the Hudson Bay Company, thus thrown together, are now working hand in hand, and are able to control public sentiment in Victoria. One of the first acts of this "unhappy alliance" is, as we have seen, to throw overboard the very man who was mainly instrumental in bringing it about. This is, perhaps, as it should be. It was most fitting that Mr. DeCosmos should have received the first stroke of the iron rod which he had forged to rule Victoria. He has been hoisted by his own petard, and assuredly has no right to expect much sympathy—least of all from this quarter. There can be no doubt that this result is largely owing to the alien vote. We have already expressed our opinion about the act of the Government in inviting that vote, in the way and under the peculiar circumstances in which it was done. The act itself, disassociated from the circumstances with which it happens to be surrounded, would be somewhat open to remark. As the matter stands we can only express regret that the Colonial Secretary should have taken advantage of the Governor's illness to do that which no unbiased mind can approve of. But for even this Mr. DeCosmos stands indebted to the presence in his own constituency of that official element introduced into it mainly through his scheming and misrepresentation. Had he manfully nailed his colors to the Canadian maple, and fought for Confederation with unflinching courage he would have been entitled to sympathy notwithstanding him, although his views on that great question were not altogether orthodox. Courage and manly consistency one can admire, even in a bad cause. But to throw his hobby-horse overboard at the first threatening gale of popular disfavor was an act scarcely calculated to excite sympathy, much less command respect. Had Mr. DeCosmos fought and lost upon that issue he might, very probably he would, have been rejected by his own fickle constituency; but for every friend he would have lost on the Island he would have gained two on the Mainland. As it is he has fallen, ignominiously, between two stools.

BRIGHTON STEAM FERRY.—Is not progress, rapid progress, implied by these words? Yes, there is now a steam ferry at Brighton. Mr. George Ogden recently purchased and brought to this place a small steamer glorying in the big name of "Sea Foam." This steamer has just been bought by Mr. John Thompson, to be used by him as a ferry boat at Brighton. The Sea Foam, although small, is a fast sailer. She made the trip to Victoria last week in eight hours, although going through Cowichan Gap, some miles out of her way. Success to Brighton! Success to John Thompson and the Sea Foam!

CARIBOO NEWS.

Barnard's Express brings us files of the *Cariboo Sentinel* to the 30th ult. The news is unimportant. Symptoms of winter were appearing, a sprinkling of snow having fallen. The new Methodist Church was so far complete as to admit of the Rev. Mr. Derrick holding service in it on the 1st inst. The action of the Bankers in reducing the price of gold has given rise to voluminous newspaper correspondence. Competition between the mills at Soda and Deep Creeks has had the effect of reducing the price of grinding to a quarter cent per bushel.

FROM VICTORIA.—The str. Enterprise, Capt. Swanson, returned from Victoria last evening. The city election resulted in 606 votes for Helmecken, 623 for Drake, 551 for DeCosmos and 415 for Powell, so that Helmecken and Drake are elected. The nomination for the District of Victoria took place on the 4th. "Bright Sea Green" and "Dr. M. R. C. S." were nominated. The show of hands was equal, and Dr. Helmecken demanded a Poll for his brother Doctor. The Poll takes place on the 11th inst. On the night of the 3d, a fire broke out in the Hotel de France, destroying that and two adjoining buildings to the South-east of it. Some of the lodgers in the Hotel had a very narrow escape. Mr. D. W. Higgins, of the *Columbian*, had returned. The contract for getting off the wreck of the Del Norte has been let to Mr. Broderick.

Amongst Atlantic Cables, steam navigation and those progressions of science and art, that mark the nineteenth century, not the least useful, are Dr. Ayer's medicines. They take rank among the benefactions of mankind, from the rapidity and certainty with which they cure. Try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral on a cough and it is gone. What skin diseases or impurities of the blood withstand Ayer's Sarsaparilla? Ayer's Pills are the perfection of a purgative—every family should have them as almost every family does. Not a trifle to be thankful for are good medicines, and the knowledge how to use them for protection from disease. These Dr. Ayer's preparations and publications furnish, and we do not hesitate to commend them.—*St. Louis Leader.*

THE HEALTH OF THE QUEEN.—The *London Times* says: "We are in a position to state that since her sojourn in Switzerland the Queen has greatly improved in health. The untoward symptoms which cost Her Majesty and her subjects so much uneasiness have yielded to the fresh mountain air and the change of scene in that most romantic of European countries. The benefit, indeed, has been so marked that the nation may look forward hopefully to Her Majesty's resuming (at least partially) those public duties from which she has been so long and so unhappily estranged."

THE BRITISH EMPIRE.—From returns recently published it appears that, including the British North-West American possessions, and linking the whole of the mother country, the metropolis of this vast domain, the Queen's realm will be found to comprise territory of above seven millions of English square miles, with a population approaching two hundred millions of souls! The territory of British North America forms no inconsiderable item, making of itself about 3,000,000 square miles.

Too Bad.—We hear that the Board of Health was advised, a few days ago, that the munificent sum of \$100 had been placed at its disposal for the purpose of defraying any expenses incurred in connection with Indians taken with small-pox; that the Board did on Thursday last draw against said munificent sum to the extent of some twenty odd dollars, and that their draft was dishonored! We shall have more to say upon this painful subject in our next issue.

DEPARTURE.—H.M.S. Sparrowhawk sailed for Esquimalt on Wednesday, having on board His Excellency the Governor, Mrs. Seymour, A. T. Bushby, Esq., and Private Secretary Lowndes.

THE BRIGHTON STAGE LINE.—By some sort of mutual compromise the opposition line has been withdrawn from the Brighton Road, and Mr. Lewis has the matter in his own hands again. And it is in good hands. Mr. Lewis is not the man to take advantage of his position either to be extortionate or unkind. He will continue to do as he has ever done, keep a good rig and charge moderate rates.

VERY LIKE A WHALE.—A sturgeon was captured in the river near this city, on Wednesday, which measured eleven feet in length, and the head of which weighed 130 lbs. The fish, as it came from the water, would not, we apprehend, fall much short of seven hundred pounds. It was bought by Mr. F. Kaye, and sections of it may still be seen at his establishment.

FROM YALE.—The steamer Onward, Capt. Irving, returned from Yale yesterday. She brought a large number of passengers, including quite a number of Caribooites; also Barnard's Express, with \$55,000 of treasure in charge of Mr. Ormandy. Amongst the passengers was observed Mr. Seeley, editor of the *Cariboo Sentinel*.

CATION TO SWEARERS.—The authorities of Jasperburg, an Hungarian town, have just had the following notice published to the sound of the drum:—"Seeing that oaths and blasphemies are the real causes of earthquakes, every one, no matter who, is forbidden to swear or use bad language, under a penalty of receiving 25 stripes with a rod and paying a fine of 25 forins."

PERSONAL.—We learn that arrangements have been made by a number of Mr. William Fisher's personal friends to give that gentleman a dinner at the Colonial Hotel, on Monday evening next, at 6:30 o'clock. The circumstance of Mr. Fisher's being about to visit England has suggested this friendly and by no means undeserved demonstration.

BALL.—The Hyack Fire Company have made arrangements for a grand Ball on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock in Webster's stone building. We have every reason to think that it will be highly successful. Tickets, one dollar and fifty cents each, can be obtained from any of the officers of the Company.

A LARGE INCOME.—The Marquis of Bute, came of age on the 12th September, when he found at his absolute disposal an annual income of £300,000—equal to nearly a million and a half of dollars! This is equal to the income of the Duke of Buccleuch, another of Scotland's wealthy noblemen.

FROM HARRISONMOUTH.—Mr. J. Donnelly, of Harrisonmouth, and Mr. Vedder, of Sumass, arrived yesterday morning in a canoe. Mr. Donnelly says the Indians have had considerable quantities of potatoes destroyed by fire.

FROM VICTORIA.—The str. Enterprise, Capt. Swanson, arrived from Victoria on Wednesday morning, with freight and passengers. She sailed again at 11 o'clock.

ANOTHER SHIP.—The ship Guayaquil arrived at Moody & Co.'s mills, Barnard Inlet, on Tuesday. She will take in a cargo of lumber for Callao.

GOODY FOR NOVEMBER has arrived and can be had at Messrs. Clute & Clarkson's, Booksellers and General Dealers, of this city.

SELL 'EM GOODS? Of course they do! Can't you see that as you pass their store every day? And all kinds of goods, too. Why, their stock cannot be surpassed anywhere on this side of Land for price and quality. Give them a call, don't be afraid. There is never anything but Goods sold at Clute & Clarkson's.

SALEM GOODS.—Mr. Cunningham has just received, direct from the Salem Woolen Mills, Oregon, a choice selection of Tweeds and Flannels, suitable for Fall and Winter clothing. These goods are in excellent styles and are remarkable for durability.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

European news is to the 28th ult. The leaders of the liberal party, after careful examination of the field, have become convinced that they are sure to carry the elections by a large majority of liberal members in the new House of Commons. The following has been quietly named in liberal circles as the probable cast of the new ministry: Premier, Gladstone; Foreign Secretary, Earl Russell; Home Secretary, John Bright; Chancellor of Exchequer, Hugh Culling Eardley; Lord Chamberlain, St. John Lubbock; Secretary of War, Marquis of Hartington. International matters between Great Britain and the United States of America occupy a good deal of attention. With the advent of Reverdy Johnson at the Court of St. James a new era would appear to have been inaugurated. The City of Liverpool entertained Johnson at a banquet on the 24th. Lord Stanley, Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Laird were amongst the guests. Some people stayed away on account of Laird's presence. When the climax of the banquet was reached the Chairman introduced Laird to Johnson. They grasped hands cordially, and retained the hold while exchanging some words. The papers refer to the speeches delivered upon the occasion by Lord Stanley and Mr. Johnson. The *Times* believes that in a few days England and America will be united without a ghost of a quarrel. Some of Lord Stanley's prophecies are premature. The *Daily Times* says Johnson's task of settling matters at variance between England and America is light, for it was nearly completed by his predecessor, Mr. Adams. Referring to the meeting between Johnson and Laird, the *News* says: "Johnson's charity towards Laird, who built the Alabama, applies equally to Semmes, who sailed her. The *Telegraph* rejoices in the new era of diplomacy as exemplified in the Ministers meeting and discussing in a friendly manner public questions. The *Standard* says: "If the result of the negotiations pending between the two countries has failed, it will certainly not be the fault of either of the Ministers. There is good reason to believe the following is the substance of the protocol which has been agreed to by Johnson and Lord Stanley for the settlement of the Alabama dispute: A mixed commission consisting of eight persons appointed by the United States to sit in London and examine every claim presented, whether English or American; each case to be signed by the claimant either in person or by consent; the commission will make a final award; the question of international law to be referred to the arbitration of the Emperor of Russia; the protocol with the approval of Secretary Seward. Great Britain, France and Italy have recognized the present revolutionary movement of Spain. The National organ says: Ferdinand has declined the offered Crown of Spain. The writer is certain the Duke of Montpensier would accept it. On the 23rd, a light shock of earthquake was felt in various places in Cork county, Ireland. The authorities of Sydney have, it is said, positive proof that the shooting of Prince Alfred was the result of a deeply laid plot, the details of which are to be given to the public in a few days.

The United States news is to the 28th ult. A special cable telegram had been received at New York intimating that loyal Americans and Englishmen friendly to the Union were called at the recent proceedings of Minister Johnson and thought he went too far in greeting Laird in such a friendly manner. Frequent affairs, some of them of a rather serious nature, are occurring at New Orleans and St. Louis. Several pitched battles have taken place between the whites and the colored people. Additional regiments had been asked for and refused. The St. Louis *Democrat*, special of the 26th says: James Hinds, Member of Congress for the second District, was assassinated here today. Hon. Joseph R. Brooks, who was with Hinds, was wounded, but it is supposed not fatally. James Clarendon, an outspoken Republican, was also murdered in the same vicinity recently.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Enfeebled Existence.—This medicine embraces every attribute required in a general and domestic remedy; it overthrows the foundations of disease laid by defective food and impure air. In obstructions or congestions of the liver, lungs, bowels or any other organ, these Pills are especially serviceable and eminently successful. They should be kept in readiness in every family, as they are a medicine without a fault for young persons, and those of feeble constitutions. They never cause pain or irritate the most sensitive nerves or tender bowels. Holloway's Pills are the best known purifiers of the blood, and the best promoters of absorption and secretion, which remove all poisonous and obnoxious particles from both solids and fluids.

ONE HALF Interest in the Colonial Hotel is for sale, comprising one-half ownership of the lot on which the hotel stands, and one-half of the hotel, including one-half of the furniture, utensils, etc., and the store house attached to the hotel. The sale will take place on the 1st of November next, by Public Auction. The undersigned wishes to dispose of the above account of sickness. FRANK LATREMOUILLE, Yale, Sept. 26th, 1885. o3 id

Panama advices of the 19th say that the Provisional President of the State of Panama has issued a decree closing all ports in that State on the Pacific coast, except that of the Capital, owing to the failure of cereals. In Guatemala the President of that State has issued a decree, abolishing import duties on all cereals, vegetables and lard, until 1870.

FIVE DAYS LATER.

We have European news to the 2d inst. Serious riots occurred at Rotterdam on the 31st ult. The troops were called out and obliged to fire upon the rioters, killing several. A large number of arrests were made. The Alabama negotiations would, it was confidently announced, be concluded in a few days, and the willingness of Great Britain to pay the American claim was asserted. Slight shocks of earthquake at Leamington, Warwick, were reported. A scientific expedition to the North Pole is now preparing, one at Bremen, under Peterson, and the other at Havre, under Lam bert. A Vienna dispatch of the 29th says, the Minister stated to the Reichsrath, that the Imperial war budget of the army, had been fixed at eight hundred thousand. The present active force is not to be increased. Queen Isabella was expected at Paris on the 6th Nov. The conservatives are said to favor Ferdinand of Portugal for the king of Spain, while the democrats select Prim for chief of State, on condition that he will take the title of President of the United Provinces of Iberia. The Provisional Government is about to send reinforcements to Cuba. The City of Havana has been authorized to borrow ten millions of crowns for the completion of the Isador canal. The Portuguese Consul had been forcibly taken from the American legation at Ascension and shot; steamers had gone up the Paraguay river and a peremptory demand would be made for redress. The recent conduct of Washburn, its minister at Paraguay, is much censured at Buenos Ayres. Senator Escalante has resigned his office under the Provisional Government. General Dulce has finally accepted the appointment of Captain General of Cuba and will soon sail for Havana.

The Eastern States news is of even date. Secretary Seward, in a speech delivered at Auburn on the 30th, vindicated the policy and patriotism of the latter, and said the country needed nothing more than the admission of the loyal representatives of the late rebel States in Congress; he eulogized the loyalty and virtues of Johnson, Hancock, McClellan and other Democrats. The election excitement rages throughout the entire Union and in many instances culminates in riots. In Green County the Grant and Colfax meeting was broken up by an armed mob, who swore that no Northern man should speak in Green County. The K.K.K.s. are inaugurating a reign of terror down South.

California dates are to the 4th. A sharp stroke of earthquake was felt in San Francisco on the 4th, sending people into the streets, but doing no damage.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Enfeebled Existence.—This medicine embraces every attribute required in a general and domestic remedy; it overthrows the foundations of disease laid by defective food and impure air. In obstructions or congestions of the liver, lungs, bowels or any other organ, these Pills are especially serviceable and eminently successful. They should be kept in readiness in every family, as they are a medicine without a fault for young persons, and those of feeble constitutions. They never cause pain or irritate the most sensitive nerves or tender bowels. Holloway's Pills are the best known purifiers of the blood, and the best promoters of absorption and secretion, which remove all poisonous and obnoxious particles from both solids and fluids.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION SALE.

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New Advertisements.

ALL COVER.

The world people of sense and judgment have learned to use **PLANTATION BITTERS.** Dyspepsia, with its symptoms, flatulency, heartburn, feverish lips, bad breath, constipation, etc., can be cured by using **PLANTATION BITTERS.** This is the most successful tonic of the age. Young, middle-aged and old, are delighted with its effects. The first trial shows its marked good effect. No change of diet is necessary. Eat all you wish, of the best and most nutritious food. It is the greatest cure ever known for an overladen and distressed stomach, which it cures in a few moments. We know that we have the best and most popular medicine in the world. We are not afraid to show what it is composed of. **PLANTATION BITTERS** ARE COMPOSED OF: CALIFORNIA BARK has been celebrated for over two hundred years, and was sold during the reign of Louis XVI, King of France, for the enormous price of its own weight in silver. It is remarkable for dyspepsia, fevers, weakness, constipation, etc. **CASCABELLA BARK.**—For diarrhoea, cholera, and diseases of the stomach and bowels. **BARBERRY.**—For inflammation of the Lungs and Dropsical Affections. **CHAMOMILE FLOWER.**—For nervous debility. **LAVENDER FLOWER.**—Aromatic, stimulant, and tonic, highly recommended in nervous debility. **WINTERGREEN.**—For rheumatism, rheumatoid, etc. **ANGELICA.**—An aromatic stimulant, acting on the blood, muscles and milk; much used by mothers nursing. Also clove-buds, orange, caraway, nutmeg, snake-root, etc.

S.T-1860-X.

Another wonderful ingredient, of Spanish origin, imparting beauty to the complexion and brilliancy to the hair. Not unknown to the consumers of the world, and we withhold its name for the present. With this recipe before the community, and evidence of effects meeting them on all sides, the success of Dr. Drake stands founded upon the rock of truth. Almost every family has some one suffering which the **PLANTATION BITTERS** will relieve and cure. They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an immediate beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure and harmless. **Notice.**—Any person pretending to sell **Plantation Bitters** is liable by the law to a fine of \$100 and imprisonment for one year, for every bottle sold. It is put up only in our log cabin bottles, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork unimpaired, and our signature on steel plate side label. Sold by respectable druggists throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. Drake & Co., New York, Sole Proprietors.
Redington & Co., San Francisco. Agents for California and Nevada.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

The merits of this Liniment are well known. Its effects are instantaneous, soothing and wonderful. It cures cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are a common, and certain to cure in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made. It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with. **READ THE FOLLOWING.** "I take pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for sprains, sores, scratches, or cuts on horses. Our men have used it for Burns, Bruises, Sores, Rheumatism, etc., and all say it acts like magic." J. W. Harvey, Purveyor for America, Wells, Fargo & Harnden's Express. "The sprain of my daughter's ankle, occasioned while skating last winter, was entirely cured in one week after she commenced using your celebrated Mustang Liniment." Gloucester, Mass., Aug. 7, 1885. **DR. SULLY.** Quick and sure it certainly is. All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of U. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the **PLANTATION B.** stamp of DENNIS BARNES & Co., over the top. An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. Look closely! **NEW YORK HOTEL PROPRIETORS** say: "We have used

LYON'S FLEA POWDER. It is well known that Lyon's genuine Magnetic Powder will perfectly destroy everything in the shape of fleas, ticks, bedbugs, roaches, etc.; that it is perfectly poison to the insect, but is perfectly harmless to the human species and domestic animals. This Powder is their natural death. It should be in every cupboard. Write to L. Lyon, Esq., Superintendent of the New York City Hospital, says: "I have used it for the last year, and it has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. Look closely!" **NEW YORK HOTEL PROPRIETORS** say: "We have used

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER for exterminating fleas and vermin, with entire satisfaction. **CHEMAN & SUTSON,** Astor House, S. T. COZZANI, American Hotel, ACKER & TREADWELL, St. Nicholas Hotel, S. LEAL & CO., Metropolitan Hotel. Testimony of this character might be added to any length. Wherever it is used it advertises itself. The genuine has the signature of L. LYON, and the private stamp of DENNIS BARNES & Co., and the size of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will buy no other. **Sale.**—All druggists and general storekeepers in every town and mining camp on the Pacific Coast.

NOTICE. AFTER this date J. C. BEEDY & CO. are not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, or for unavoidable detention, caused by breakage of bridges, road-slides, or any other contingency beyond their control, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment. J. C. BEEDY & CO. Yale, B. C. Dec. 31, 1867, 1y

SADDLERY

HARNESS MAKING.

B. DOUGLAS begs to inform the Farmers and Teamsters of the Upper Country, that he is prepared to supply orders for any article in the Saddle line. Harness of all kinds, of his own manufacture, always on hand. A good supply of Whips, Blacksnake lashes, Aprons and other Leathers. **BEN. DOUGLAS,** Front Street, Yale, B. C. apl5tc

New Advertisements.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Standard (Weekly)
The Westminster Review (Monthly)
The North British Review (Monthly)
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Monthly)

These periodicals are all available by the subscription of the publishers, and are sent by post to any part of the United States. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and are also of great value to the general reader. The subscription price of each of these periodicals is as follows:—
The London Standard, 10s. 6d. per annum.
The Westminster Review, 10s. 6d. per annum.
The North British Review, 10s. 6d. per annum.
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, 10s. 6d. per annum.

TERMS FOR 1893.

For any one of the Reviewers, 10s. 6d. per annum.
For any two of the Reviewers, 15s. 6d. per annum.
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Subscribers should pay by the quarter at the office of delivery. The Reviewers are sent by post to any part of the United States. This rate only applies to the Reviewers. For back numbers, the postage is double.

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For any two of the Reviewers, 15s. 6d. per annum.
For any three of the Reviewers, 20s. 6d. per annum.
For any four of the Reviewers, 25s. 6d. per annum.
For any five of the Reviewers, 30s. 6d. per annum.
For any six of the Reviewers, 35s. 6d. per annum.
For any seven of the Reviewers, 40s. 6d. per annum.
For any eight of the Reviewers, 45s. 6d. per annum.
For any nine of the Reviewers, 50s. 6d. per annum.
For any ten of the Reviewers, 55s. 6d. per annum.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY.

140 FULTON STREET, N. Y.
The L. S. P. Co. also publish the FARMER'S GUIDE.
By Henry Sturges, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 15s. 6d. per set. The two volumes—by mail, post paid, 18s. 6d. per set.

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL.

Soda Creek.

M'LEESE & SENAY, PROPRIETORS.

BEGETH to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—
MEALS, 10c.
BEER, 10c.
BOARD AND LODGING, per day, 3 50
do do per week, 15 00
Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give
First-class Accommodation in the Eating and Sleeping Departments.
They hope to merit an extended support in the future.

Private Room for Families.

AT THE BAR

Will always be found the Choicest Brands of WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

COLONIAL HOTEL.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Grelley & Arnaud

Hotel and Restaurant,
BILLIARD SALOON,
In which will always be found the best
DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, PORTER, BRANDIES, RUM, CIDER, SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c., which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

THE BEST BRANDS OF CIGARS.

HAVANA, MANILLA AND CHEROOTS

New Westminster, June 12th 1893

New Advertisements.

AYER'S MEDICINES.

The peculiar taint or infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitution of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein the system is incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and leaves the system to fall into disorder and decay.

The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending from parents to children, and is the third and fourth generation; indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various forms, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings, which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptions, and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given it a trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blisters and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses, and indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC, which is furnished to the druggists, for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and the whole of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief. These cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its victims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does actually shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of Sarsaparilla in alternative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruption that causes disease, and the blood, pure and the causes of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of Sarsaparilla, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need no more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists every where.

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH & Co., New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

A. BARLOW,

YALE, B. C.

MERCHANT AND GENERAL AGENT.

ALL KINDS OF COLONIAL AND OTHER

PRODUCE

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON

COMMISSION,

BILLS COLLECTED,

and a GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS

transacted

John Robson, Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

PRINTING

FOR THE

MILLION.

POSTERS, CIRCULARS, BILL-HEADS, BUSINESS CARDS, STEAMBOAT TICKETS, PROGRAMMES, WAY-BILLS, PAMPHLETS, SHOW CARDS, LABELS, AND PRINTED FORMS.

Of every description, executed in a manner

That will defy competition.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN SHOULD use printed bill-headers, as they not only save time but look more business-like, and serve as an advertisement.

EVERY KEEPER OF PUBLIC HOUSE should have printed cards for distribution among the Minors, and Large Show Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steamboats, &c.

EVERY STEAMBOAT OWNER, Merchant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Expressman doing business in this Colony, should get his Printing done in the office of the

BRITISH COLUMBIAN,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER

WHERE

ENTIRE SATISFACTION

IS GUARANTEED.

THE PROPRIETOR would respectfully inform Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may concern, that having recently made extensive additions to the

PRINTING PLANT

OF THE

BRITISH COLUMBIAN NEWSPAPER,

He is now prepared to execute with promptitude every description of

PLAIN

AND

ORNAMENTAL

BOOK & JOB

PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON, Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

ADDRESS

TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED

SUFFERINGS HAVE BEEN PRO-TRACTED, AND WERE CASES

REQUIRE PROMPT TREATMENT TO RENDER EXISTENCE DESIRABLE.

If you are suffering have suffered, what effect does it produce upon your general health?

Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired?

Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart?

Does your liver, urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order?

Is your urine sometimes thick, milky or floccy, or is itropy on settling?

Or does a thick scum rise to the top?

Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile?

Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspnoea?

Are your bowels constipated?

Do you have spells of fainting or tremors of blood to the head?

Is your memory impaired?

Is your mind constantly dwelling on this subject?

Do you feel dull, listless, mooping, tired of company, or of life?

Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from every body?

Does any little thing make you start or jump?

Is your sleep broken or restless?

Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant?

The bloom on your cheek as bright?

Do you enjoy society as well?

Do you pursue your business with the same energy?

Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia.

Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have not little appetite and your attributes due to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

NOW, READER,

DISEASES BADLY CURED, AND EXCESSES.

Are capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation when in perfect health, make the man, and you ever find that those bold, brilliant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complaining of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are dry and become pale and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and then right in the face—none of your downcast looks, or any other mark of the organs inflamed by running into excess. There will not only run their constitution, but like those they do business with or for.

How many men from half-cured diseases and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other form of disease—idiotcy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, sciatica, and almost every other disease which agitates the body, and the mind of the afflicted man.

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